The AC Susceptibility Option for the Dilution Refrigerator (AC DR) brings the easy usability of the ACMS II option into the milli-Kelvin temperature range. Thermally anchoring the coil set to the puck interface rather than the DR sample stage, and using superconducting wires for the drive coils, lead to virtually no heat load on the DR. This allows for a mutual induction-based determination of the AC susceptibility of samples for frequencies between 10 Hz and 10 kHz down to 50 mK.

Sub-Kelvin Measurements Specifications (for Zero Field)

**AC DR [DR]**

**AC Susceptibility** $[x]$  
Sensitivity*: $5 \times 10^{-7}$ emu @ 10 kHz  
Phase Accuracy: $\pm 2^\circ$

**Drive Parameters**  
Drive Amplitude: 2 mOe to 4 Oe (peak)  
Frequency Range: 10 Hz to 10 kHz  
Operational Range: 0.05 to 4 K; 0 to 14 T

*S*Expect an order of magnitude decrease in sensitivity for every order of magnitude decrease in drive frequency.

Specifications are subject to change without notice.

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In-phase susceptibility for the superconducting transition of an Ir$_{0.8}$Ru$_{0.2}$ sample measured using an AC excitation of 10 mOe and a frequency of 10 kHz for various DC background fields. The lower graph highlights the noise level for the zero field data. The peak to peak scatter of the data is about $5 \times 10^{-6}$ emu/Oe, corresponding to $5 \times 10^{-8}$ emu in absolute signal.

Sample provided by Milton S. Torikachvili of San Diego State University.